amounts for the permit area as determined in accordance with §800.14:

- (1) A performance bond or bonds for the entire permit area;
- (2) A cumulative bond schedule and the performance bond required for full reclamation of the initial area to be disturbed; or
- (3) An incremental bond schedule and the performance bond required for the first increment in the schedule.
- (e) OSM may approve, as part of a State or Federal program, an alternative bonding system, if it will achieve the following objectives and purposes of the bonding program:
- (1) The alternative must assure that the regulatory authority will have available sufficient money to complete the reclamation plan for any areas which may be in default at any time; and
- (2) The alternative must provide a substantial economic incentive for the permittee to comply with all reclamation provisions.

\$800.12 Form of the performance bond.

The regulatory authority shall prescribe the form of the performance bond. The regulatory authority may allow for:

- (a) A surety bond;
- (b) A collateral bond;
- (c) A self-bond; or
- (d) A combination of any of these bonding methods.

§800.13 Period of liability.

- (a)(1) Performance bond liability shall be for the duration of the surface coal mining and reclamation operation and for a period which is coincident with the operator's period of extended responsibility for successful revegetation provided in §816.116 or §817.116 of this chapter or until achievement of the reclamation requirements of the Act, regulatory programs, and permit, whichever is later.
- (2) With the approval of regulatory authority, a bond may be posted and approved to guarantee specific phases of reclamation within the permit area provided the sum of phase bonds posted equals or exceeds the total amount required under §§800.14 and 800.15. The scope of work to be guaranteed and the

liability assumed under each phase bond shall be specified in detail.

- (b) Isolated and clearly defined portions of the permit area requiring extended liability may be separated from the original area and bonded separately with the approval of the regulatory authority. Such areas shall be limited in extent and not constitute a scattered, intermittent, or checkerboard pattern of failure. Access to the separated areas for remedial work may be included in the area under extended liability if deemed necessary by the regulatory authority.
- (c) If the regulatory authority approves a long-term, intensive agricultural postmining land use, in accordance with §816.133 or §817.133 of this chapter, the applicable 5 or 10 year period of liability shall commence at the date of initial planting for such long-term agricultural use.
- (d)(1) The bond liability of the permittee shall include only those actions which he or she is obligated to take under the permit, including completion of the reclamation plan, so that the land will be capable of supporting the postmining land use approved under §816.133 or §817.133 of this chapter.
- (2) Implementation of an alternative postmining land use approved under §§816.133(c) and 817.133(c) which is beyond the control of the permittee, need not be covered by the bond. Bond liability for prime farmland shall be as specified in §800.40(c)(2).

§ 800.14 Determination of bond amount.

- (a) The amount of the bond required for each bonded area shall:
- (1) Be determined by the regulatory authority:
- (2) Depend upon the requirements of the approved permit and reclamation plan:
- (3) Reflect the probable difficulty of reclamation, giving consideration to such factors as topography, geology, hydrology, and revegetation potential; and
- (4) Be based on, but not limited to, the estimated cost submitted by the permit applicant.
- (b) The amount of the bond shall be sufficient to assure the completion of the reclamation plan if the work has to